# **CALIFORNIA CROP WEATHER**



WEEK ENDING: July 23, 2006 RELEASED: July 24, 2006 FREQUENCY: Weekly VOL. 26 NO. 4

### **WEATHER**



A very strong high pressure system settled over the western United States and remained entrenched over the region for the entire week. This resulted in extremely hot, record breaking temperatures across the State. Subtropical moisture circulated around the high pressure and brought increased humidity, with unusually warm overnight temperatures. The subtropical moisture also caused scattered thunderstorm activity mainly across the mountains, although some reached the northern sections of the San Joaquin Valley and into the Sacramento Valley. This resulted in rare rainfall amounts for some locations in those valleys. By the end of the week, the high pressure had strengthened to impressive levels, with record shattering heat across the Central Valley and in interior coastal areas. The heat wave continued through the weekend.

#### **FIELD CROPS**

Irrigation schedules increased for all field crops due to the intense heat. The winter **wheat** and **barley** harvests were essentially complete. Seed **alfalfa** fields and **safflower** fields were in full bloom in most areas. Safflower harvest began in Fresno County. The fourth cutting of alfalfa hay continued. **Cotton** was maturing well, and squaring was mostly complete; however, the heat and humidity were causing squares to shed in some areas. Late planted **rice** continued to emerge, and fields were treated for weeds. **Garbanzo** bean harvest began in Sutter County. **Corn** for silage was harvested. Early **sugar beet** fields were harvested in Fresno County. **Blackeye bean** bloom has slowed due to the heat. **Sweet potato** harvest was underway in Merced County.

#### **FRUIT CROPS**

Mid-season varieties of **nectarines**, **peaches**, **pluots**, **plums**, and **apricots** were harvested. Varieties included Grand Pearl and Summer Bright nectarines; Red Top, Pink Lady, and Jullie White peaches; Dapple Fire and Necticotom pluots; Golden, Catalina, and OwenT plums; and Black Velvet apricots. **Pears** were treated to control various insects. Cultural operations such as irrigation, cultivation, vine suckering, and fungicide applications continued in **grape** vineyards. Harvest of Flame grapes was slow due to a weak market. Vine cutting was underway to allow sunlight penetration to enhance berry color. **Raisin** vineyards were cultivated between rows to prepare for harvest. **Pomegranate** fruits continued to size. **Fig** harvest was still in progress. **Apple** maturity was delayed due to the rise in temperatures. New **Navel** orange orchards were being established. **Valencia** harvest was very slow as growers were waiting for size increases for packing. More weight was also needed for orange juice. Red scale treatment was in progress at night to avoid hot temperatures. **Lemon** packing continued.

# **NUT CROPS**

**Pistachio** and **almond** nuts continued to size. Some almond orchards in San Joaquin Valley were sprayed for mites and Navel orange worms. Almond hull split and hull split insecticide spraying continued. **Walnuts** were also sprayed for codling moths. Extreme heat continued to cause concern for sunburn in walnut orchards. Orchard mowing, cultivating, and irrigating were also still in progress.

# **VEGETABLE CROPS**

A few tomato fields were sprayed for worms and some experienced heat-related rotting problems. Some fresh market tomato and freezer **lima bean** planting came to a close. Transplanting of late season **melons** and tomatoes continued while some fields were cultivated or hand weeded. New fields of **sweet corn** were prepared while the matured fields were weeded, fertilized, and treated for insect control. **Basil**, **beans**, **carrots**, **cilantro**, **cucumbers**, **eggplant**, **onion**, **peppers**, **tomatoes** and **zucchini** squash continued to be harvested. **Cantaloupe**, **honeydew** and **watermelon** harvest continued. Various Asian vegetables continued to be harvested as well as **amaranth**, **beets**, **dandelion**, **daikon**, **green beans**, and **mustard greens**.

## **LIVESTOCK**

Summer mountain pastures were being negatively impacted by higher temperatures. Extreme fire danger existed in dry foothill areas due to the extreme heat and periods of light winds. There were still ample water supplies for irrigated pastures. Hot weather in valley areas was stressing livestock and increasing death loss. Rendering facilities were being taxed with larger numbers of dead dairy cattle and poultry. Milk production was down and dairies were using fans and misters to try to relieve stress on cows. Stock ewes were grazing on small grain hay fields and retired farmland, with a few in alfalfa fields. Bees pollinated melon and seed alfalfa fields in the central area and seed crops in the northern area.

# CALIFORNIA CROP WEATHER -- WEEK ENDING 07/23/06

CALIFORNIA CROP WEATHER WEEK ENDING 07/23/06										
	TEMPERATURE				GROWING DEGREE DAYS AT 60°F BASE		PRECIPITATION			
STATIONS	Average Week Ending 07/23/06	Departure from Normal	High	Low	This Season	Normal	This Season		Normal	
					January 1 - 07/23/06	January 1 - 07/23/06	Week Ending 07/23/06	July 1 - 07/23/06	July 1 - 07/23/06	July 1 - June 30
	Degrees Fahrenheit				Number		Inches			
NORTH COAST Eureka Ukiah	57 86	-1 12	66 112	46 62	3 918	0 600	0.01 0.00	0.10 0.00	0.16 0.08	37.53 37.96
Santa Rosa	78	11	105	56	485	356	0.00	0.00	0.07	30.30
CENTRAL COAST San Francisco AP San Jose Livermore Tele	73 84 	9 13 	97 104 	55 65 	274 744 870	121 574 600	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.04 0.04 0.03	19.70 14.42 14.21
Salinas AP Monterey FAA King City Paso Robles AP	70 69 80 84	7 8 11 10	91 86 110 114	52 50 53 61	234 133 757 1,011	110 20 420 666	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.04 0.08 0.01 0.00	12.44 18.72 11.44 13.95
SACRAMENTO VALLEY Redding Red Bluff FSS Chico AFS Marysville Sacramento AP	93 92 89 90 88	10 11 12 10 12	114 113 112 112 111	70 70 62 63 64	1,604 1,524 1,378 1,514 1,122	1,152 1,225 955 1,176 866	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.12 0.11 0.09 0.08 0.05	33.30 22.29 26.32 21.04 17.52
SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY Stockton WSO Fresno Bakersfield	91 95 93	13 13 9	115 113 108	66 76 76	1,279 1,674 1,728	1,025 1,340 1,481	0.02 0.00 0.00	0.02 0.00 0.00	0.04 0.01 0.01	13.95 10.60 5.72
SOUTH COAST Santa Maria AP Santa Barbara Oxnard Los Angeles Riverside San Diego AP	71 71  82 87 78	7 5  7 9 6	90 84  101 108 99	53 59  69 68 72	299 395 614 1,226 1,546 935	104 222 303 1,027 997 688	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00	0.00 0.02 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.02	0.02 0.04 0.02 0.00 0.02 0.02	12.36 16.25 14.38 14.77 9.58 9.90
SOUTHEAST INTERIOR Bishop Lancaster Daggett AP Thermal AP Blythe Imperial	84 89 97 99 101 100	7 8 8 8 6	107 111 114 120 120 119	61 69 77 80 83 83	1,087 1,611 2,286 2,729 3,019 3,021	763 1,101 1,951 2,502 2,758 2,568	0.10 0.01 0.05 0.00 0.29 0.00	0.10 0.01 0.05 0.00 0.29 0.00	0.13 0.07 0.26 0.11 0.19 0.07	5.37 6.92 3.93 3.16 3.60 2.75
CASCADE - SIERRA Alturas Mt. Shasta Blue Canyon Yosemite	76 76 80 	10 8 12	101 98 89 98	48 55 70 63	370 448 610 674	111 180 206 425	0.02 0.00 0.00 0.38	0.02 0.00 0.00 0.38	0.25 0.37 0.43 0.43	12.01 37.02 67.04 37.05

Normal is defined as average over the 30-year period 1961 through 1990. Dashes (- -) in Average Week Ending and Departure from Normal columns mean less than five days reporting, while in High and Low columns mean no days reporting.

Weekly summary provided by the Western Regional Climate Center with data reported by the National Weather Service. When data are quality controlled by the National Climatic Data Center, the accumulated growing degree day and precipitation values are updated.